Regence BlueShield of Idaho Preliminary Rate Increase Justification for 2022 Individual Health Benefit Plans

Rate Change

The projected average rate change for plans effective January 1, 2022 is 1.6% which is an average rate change of about \$9 per member per month (pmpm). Because 1.6% (or about \$9) is an average, it is possible to have a different rate change. Factors affecting a member's premium are age, tobacco use, family composition, plan, and geographic area. Expected cost differences by product are updated every year to ensure premium differences are appropriate. Regence has approximately 7,900 members enrolled in this line of business as of March 2021.

Percentage rate changes for major groupings that differ from the overall rate change:

Rating Area							
Area 1	Area 2	Area 3	Area 4	Area 5	Area 6	Overall	
-0.6%	-1.2%	2.1%	2.7%	3.7%	-1.6%	1.6%	

Metal						
Bronze	Silver	Gold	Overall			
0.0%	2.9%	-2.2%	1.6%			

Most Significant Factors

The rate change described above is driven by the following factors:

· Claims Trend: 7.6%

• Actual Results vs Expected : -4.1% • Change in Market Morbidity : -1.0%

• Change in Benefits: -0.9%

• Other: 0.3%

Other includes: changes to admin expenses and expected Rx Rebates.

Financial Experience

The 2020 ACA unadjusted premium revenue was \$8,019,072 (\$576 pmpm), compared to total estimated incurred claims of \$6,458,332 (\$464 pmpm). This produced an unadjusted loss ratio of 80.5%. Premium revenue will be adjusted by the 2020 Risk Adjustment transfer, currently estimated as a receipt of \$167 pmpm. Any variations from the estimates for the federal risk adjustment will not be known until the summer of 2021 and could significantly impact financial results

Key Assumptions

The annual cost trends used in developing the 2022 rates:

Medical: 7.8%Rx: 12.1%

• Medical and Rx Blended: 8.9%

To determine projected trend for the rating period, Regence BlueShield of Idaho analyzed the individual components of trend - change in reimbursement, utilization, mix and intensity, and leverage. High Rx cost trends are driven by the increased prevalence of specialty drugs in the market, new specialty drugs expected to be introduced, the high cost per specialty prescription, and the lack of low cost substitutes for these drugs. Blended trend is calculated by weighting Medical and Rx trends based on their expected relative contribution to claims in the experience period, after accounting for COVID-19 impacts.

The 2022 rates are made up of the following components:

• Claims: 84.8%

Administrative Costs: 6.3%Federal taxes and fees: 0.4%State taxes and fees: 3.7%

• Commissions: 1.9%

• Contribution to surplus, profit, and risk margin: 3.0%

Claims costs represent estimated incurred claims. They are net of expected Rx rebates and risk adjustment transfer payments. State taxes and fees include state premium tax, the Idaho Immunization Fee, and the exchange fee.